SEC. S. The Legislative, Executive, and Supreme judicial The Legislative, powers of the government ought to be forever separate and dicial powers disdistinct from each other.

Executive and Jutinct.

SEC. 9. All power of suspending laws, or the execution Of the power of of laws, by any authority, without the consent of the Representatives of the people, is injurious to their rights, and ought not to be exercised.

suspending laws.

SEC. 10. All elections ought to be free.

Elections free.

SEC. 11. In all criminal prosecutions, every man has the In criminal proseright to be informed of the accusation against him and to confront the accusers and witnesses with other testimony, and to have counsel for his defence, and not be compelled to give evidence against himself, or to pay costs, jail fees, or necessary witness fees of the defence, unless found guilty.

SEC. 12. No person shall be put to answer any criminal Answers to crimicharge, except as hereinafter allowed, but by indictment, nal charges. presentment, or impeachment.

SEC. 13. No person shall be convicted of any crime but Right of jury. by the unanimous verdict of a jury of good and lawful men in open court. The Legislature may, however, provide other means of trial for petty misdemeanors, with the right of appeal.

SEC. 14. Excessive bail should not be required, nor exces- Excessive bail. sive fines imposed, nor cruel or unusual punishments inflicted.

SEC. 15. General warrants, whereby any officer or mes- General warrants. senger may be commanded to search suspected places, without evidence of the act committed, or to seize any person or persons not named, whose offence is not particularly described and supported by evidence, are dangerous to liberty and ought not to be granted.

SEC. 16. There shall be no imprisonment for debt in this Imprisonment for State, except in cases of fraud.

SEC. 17. No person ought to be taken, imprisoned or distaken, &c., but seized of his freehold, liberties or privileges, or outlawed, or by law of the land exiled, or in any manner deprived of his life, liberty, or property, but by the law of the land.